



## Pulse Poll Reveals Disproportionate Challenges for Certain Colorado Communities

While Coloradans' top concerns about living the state continue to focus on the economic challenges they face, the latest Colorado Health Foundation Pulse Poll also revealed that depending on what demographic group you belong to may play a role in how severely you're feeling those concerns. The 2025 Pulse Poll, the Colorado Health Foundation's sixth annual, revealed that while all of the major concerns remain relatively consistent across the state, a closer look into demographic groups, as defined by location, age, race, ethnicity, income, political affiliation and experiences with mental health strain, reveals younger people, unemployed residents or people living on lower incomes, renters, people without health insurance, American Indian/Alaska Native, LGBTQ+ individuals and residents of Pueblo County are experiencing disproportionate financial impacts as well as mental health challenges.

## There are sizable demographic differences in the frequency with which financial challenges are experienced.

Q23. In the last 12 months, have you experienced any of the following?

Financial Challenges	Number of Challenges Experienced		
	0 of 6	1-2 of 6	3+ of 6
Postponed medical care	Ages 75+	Rural Democrats	Unemployed
Postponed dental care	No Mental Health Strain	Morgan County	HH Income <\$30,000
Postponed mental health care	Douglas County	Interviewed in Spanish	Renters
Had work hours cut back or wages reduced	Ages 65+	Caregivers	Uninsured
Skipped meals because you couldn't afford food	College-Educated Men	Asian/Pacific Islander	American Indian/Alaska Native
Been laid off	Retired	Liberal Democrats	Democrats w/Mental Health Strain
	Men Ages 50+	Rural Independents	LGBTQ+
	Republicans Ages 50+	Liberal	Pueblo County
	Rural Republicans	Adams County	
	Republican Men	Black/African American	
		Eastern Plains Region	



### Making Sacrifices Due to Rising Costs

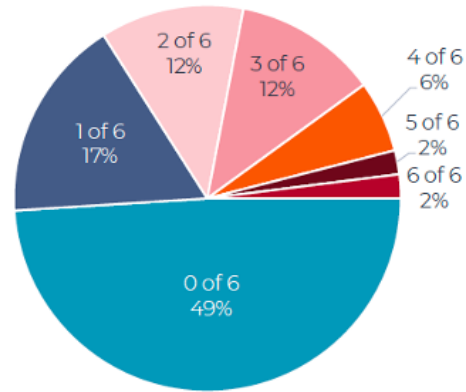
For the first time since the pandemic, Pulse Poll results reflected a modest decline in the number of respondents reporting that they've had to make significant sacrifices to pay the bills, identify as worse off financially, or say that they are really struggling financially. At the same time, there was a slight decrease in the number of people who say they are living comfortably with increasing savings or are better off financially than they were a year ago.

While half of the respondents said they have not experienced financial challenges in the past year, nearly one in five Coloradans report experiencing at least three of the six challenges presented to them in the poll.

**Nearly half of Coloradans have not experienced financial challenges; nearly one in five have experienced at least three of the challenges listed.**

Q23. In the last 12 months, have you experienced any of the following?

Financial Challenges
Postponed medical care
Postponed dental care
Postponed mental health care
Had work hours cut back or wages reduced
Skipped meals because you couldn't afford food
Been laid off



Among those challenges, food insecurity remains a significant issue for many Coloradans, with rates notably higher among several demographic groups—including Black, Latino, and American Indian and Alaska Native residents.

**Where you live matters**

While the top issues remained relatively consistent across the state, respondents in Morgan County, CO shared a drastically different list of top issues, led by healthcare costs and followed by drug overdoses, illegal immigration and crime, in general.

In addition, nearly three in four respondents (73%) on the Eastern Plains view the cost of living as an extremely serious or very serious problem, compared to nearly nine of 10 Coloradans (89%).

## There are some notable regional variations in issue concerns.

Q15. Please consider the following issues that some people suggest are problems facing Colorado. Please indicate whether you think it is an extremely serious problem, a very serious problem, a somewhat serious problem, or not too serious a problem for residents of Colorado.

(% Extremely/Very Serious Problem)

Problem	All	Region				
		Eastern Plains	Colorado Springs	Larimer/Weld	Denver Metro	Western Slope
The rising cost of living	89%	73%	84%	90%	91%	89%
The cost of housing	84%	59%	84%	86%	84%	84%
The cost of healthcare	75%	94%	71%	81%	72%	78%
Homelessness	74%	76%	74%	68%	77%	67%
Drug overdoses	65%	92%	71%	68%	63%	58%
Mental health	59%	58%	63%	50%	59%	60%
Jobs and the economy	58%	70%	58%	61%	57%	59%
Wildfires or other natural disasters	56%	18%	56%	47%	59%	57%
Crime, in general	55%	87%	72%	44%	53%	52%
Drug and alcohol abuse	52%	42%	63%	42%	52%	53%
Climate change	51%	40%	36%	56%	55%	46%
Illegal immigration	49%	90%	62%	40%	46%	52%
Restrictions on reproductive rights	43%	66%	28%	56%	43%	39%
Hunger	41%	51%	34%	32%	44%	43%
Gun violence	41%	14%	33%	36%	47%	34%
Mistreatment of immigrants	37%	16%	38%	34%	39%	31%
Police violence and misconduct	29%	19%	19%	34%	30%	27%
Racial bias and discrimination	27%	17%	28%	24%	29%	23%
Crime, in your neighborhood	24%	8%	28%	11%	30%	12%



Split Sample

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Interestingly, residents of urban communities expressed greater concern about wildfires, while suburban and rural respondents were more focused on crime. Concerns about crime in general (55%) was more than double the 24% who reported concerns about crime in their own neighborhoods.

Other key topics with significant differences between urban, suburban and rural residents included climate change, illegal immigration and mistreatment of immigrants, racial bias and discrimination, and gun violence.

## Notably, urban residents express more concern about wildfire, while suburban and rural ones are more concerned about crime.

Q15. Please consider the following issues that some people suggest are problems facing Colorado. Please indicate whether you think it is an extremely serious problem, a very serious problem, a somewhat serious problem, or not too serious a problem for residents of Colorado.

(% Extremely/Very Serious Problem)

Problem	All	Urbanicity		
		Urban	Suburban	Rural
The rising cost of living	89%	90%	88%	89%
The cost of housing	84%	84%	85%	81%
The cost of healthcare	75%	74%	73%	80%
Homelessness	74%	77%	75%	64%
Drug overdoses	65%	62%	69%	69%
Mental health	59%	62%	54%	55%
Jobs and the economy	58%	61%	51%	62%
Wildfires or other natural disasters	56%	62%	48%	46%
Crime, in general	55%	48%	66%	62%
Drug and alcohol abuse	52%	54%	51%	49%
Climate change	51%	61%	42%	37%
Illegal immigration	49%	39%	58%	65%
Restrictions on reproductive rights	43%	48%	35%	38%
Hunger	41%	45%	33%	43%
Gun violence	41%	49%	33%	26%
Mistreatment of immigrants	37%	44%	30%	23%
Police violence and misconduct	29%	31%	27%	25%
Racial bias and discrimination	27%	33%	19%	18%
Crime, in your neighborhood	24%	30%	18%	17%



Split Sample

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## Mental health strain triggered by political and financial concerns

Staying at the forefront, 56% of Coloradans reported experiencing mental health strain—such as anxiety, depression, loneliness, or stress—in the past year, a figure that has remained steady since 2022. Of those respondents, 32% identified political issues as the primary contributor to their strain, with financial issues a close second at 29%. Both factors were cited at roughly twice the rate of the next highest contributor, family or relationship issues.

Those experiencing mental health strain report greater concerns than the average respondent across a broad range of issues—including mental health, climate change, and the treatment of immigrants.

**Coloradans who report experiencing mental health strain express more concern about a range of issues – notably mental health, climate change, and mistreatment of immigrants.**

Q15. Please consider the following issues that some people suggest are problems facing Colorado. Please indicate whether you think it is an extremely serious problem, a very serious problem, a somewhat serious problem, or not too serious a problem for residents of Colorado.  
 (% Extremely/Very Serious Problem)

Problem	All	Mental Health Strain	
		Experienced	Has Not Experienced
The rising cost of living	89%	95%	83%
The cost of housing	84%	86%	81%
The cost of healthcare	75%	79%	68%
Homelessness	74%	74%	74%
Drug overdoses	65%	65%	66%
Mental health	59%	66%	51%
Jobs and the economy	58%	62%	53%
Wildfires or other natural disasters	56%	63%	50%
Crime, in general	55%	48%	67%
Drug and alcohol abuse	52%	51%	56%
Climate change	51%	58%	41%
Illegal immigration	49%	40%	63%
Restrictions on reproductive rights	43%	46%	38%
Hunger	41%	46%	35%
Gun violence	41%	47%	34%
Mistreatment of immigrants	37%	44%	29%
Police violence and misconduct	29%	34%	21%
Racial bias and discrimination	27%	34%	20%
Crime, in your neighborhood	24%	22%	28%



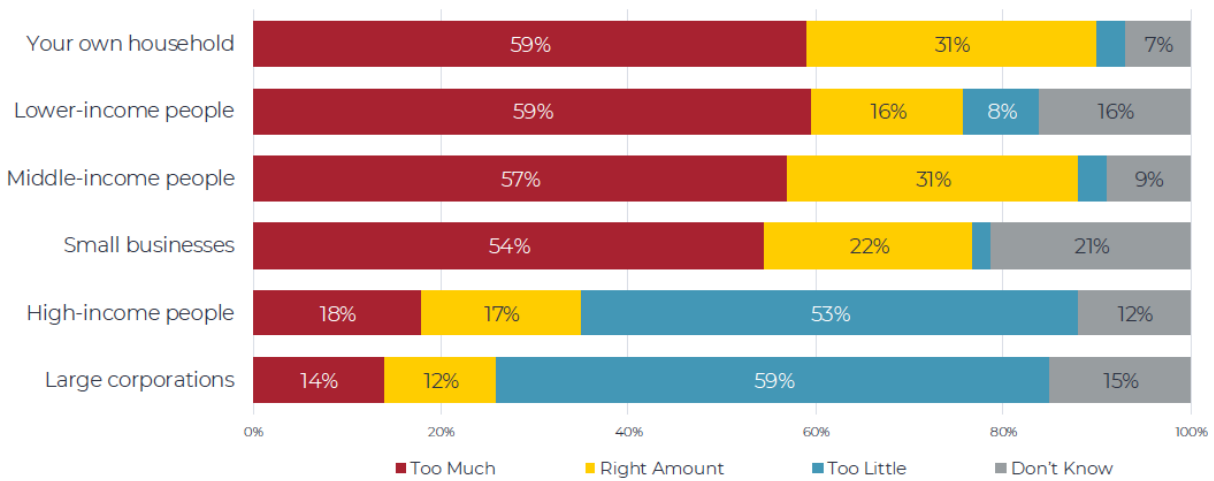
Split Sample

**Taxes and where the money goes**

When asked about taxes, Coloradans believe that lower- and middle-income individuals, small businesses, and their own households are paying too much, while high-income earners and large corporations are paying too little.

## Majorities agree that high-income people and large corporations pay too little in taxes in Colorado.

Q27. Here is a list of several different types of people and groups that pay state and local taxes in Colorado. Please indicate whether you think that category of taxpayers currently pays too much, the right amount, or too little in state and local taxes.



Overall, Coloradans feel that it's extremely important for their tax dollars to be directed to critical services like public safety (80%), stimulating jobs and the economy (69%), health care (67%), mental health (65%) and housing (63%).

Democrats, Independents, and Republicans have similar support for directing taxes to public safety, while support from Republicans and Independents drops for services such as healthcare, mental health and housing.

## About Pulse Poll 2025

The 2025 Pulse Poll was conducted by telephone and online from April 19 – May 18, 2025 among a random representative sample of 2,333 adults age 18 and older living in Colorado including oversamples of Black/African-American, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian American Coloradans, as well as residents of Morgan County. The margin of sampling error for the full sample is +/-3.07% at the 95% confidence interval. For results based on subgroups, the margin of

sampling error is higher.

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